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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/678,701	10/03/2003	Keith B. Raskin	702.112.1	9858
37902	7590	06/08/2006		
WRIGHT MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY, INC. 5677 AIRLINE ROAD ARLINGTON, TN 38002-9501			EXAMINER RAMANA, ANURADHA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3733	

DATE MAILED: 06/08/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/678,701

Applicant(s)

RASKIN ET AL.

Examiner

Anu Ramana

Art Unit

3733

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 May 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 3-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 3-18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 10/3/2003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on May 16, 2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reiley et al. (US 6,575,919) in view of Sorenson et al. (US 2002/0123723) and Kerr et al. (US 2003/0036762).

Reiley et al. disclose a method of delivering bone graft material to a bone defect area including the steps of: providing an instrument assembly 10 having a bone graft needle 50 that is an elongate tubular delivery member and a trocar or "an elongate penetrating member" 30; inserting the elongate penetrating member into the lumen of the needle until the distal end of the elongate penetrating member extends from the distal end of the bone graft needle; removing the elongate penetrating member from the bone graft needle while retaining the distal end of the needle in the bone defect area; and delivering a material 138 in paste form via injection of the material through the bone graft needle utilizing a syringe (Figs. 2-4, 11, 14 and 16, col. 8, lines 57-67, col. 9, lines 1-17, col. 10, lines 23-67 and col. 11, lines 1-10).

Reiley et al. disclose all elements of the claimed invention except for: a plurality of ports on the tubular delivery member; and a bone graft material including calcium sulfate.

Sorensen et al. teach a tubular member used for directing liquid with a plurality of ports or "perforations" 85 wherein the ports can have an increasingly large diameter, breadth or length or may be increasingly less spaced apart as their location advances from the proximal to the distal end of the tubular element to more uniformly distribute a volume of treatment fluid to a larger area (Fig. 1 and paras [0033]-[0036]).

Kerr et al. teach a different types of bone treatment materials such as calcium sulfate, demineralized bone substitutes etc. (para [026]).

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided a plurality of ports on the tubular delivery member utilized in the method of Reiley et al., as taught by Sorensen et al., to uniformly distribute a volume of treatment fluid to a larger area. Further, it would have been obvious to have utilized a calcium sulfate material, as taught by Kerr et al., in the method of the combination of Reiley et al. and Sorensen et al., since it was well known to utilize this material as a bone filler.

Regarding claims 11-17, the combination of Reiley et al., Sorensen et al. and Kerr et al. discloses the claimed invention except for the claimed distances of the ports from the proximal most edge of a distal end of the needle and the claimed lengths of the tubular delivery member or bone graft needle. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided ports at various distances from the proximal most part of the distal end of the bone graft needle and to have provided a needle having the claimed lengths, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

Regarding claims 16 and 17, the combination of Reiley et al., Sorensen et al. and Kerr et al. discloses the claimed invention except for the needle being made of stainless steel and having a J-type cannulated distal end. It would have been obvious to one

having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have made the tubular delivery member or needle in the device of the combination of Reiley et al., Sorensen et al. and Kerr et al. of stainless steel, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. Further, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the needle with a J-type distal end, since applicant has not disclosed that this solves any stated problem or is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find obvious for the purpose of providing a distal end of a needle. *In re Dailey and Eilers*, 149 USPQ 47 (1966).

The method steps of claims 3-18 are rendered obvious by the above discussion.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments submitted under "REMARKS" in the response filed on May 16, 2006 have been fully considered.

The Terminal Disclaimer filed on May 16, 2006 has been approved. Accordingly, the double patenting rejections made in previous office action have been overcome.

Applicants' arguments with respect to the rejections of claims 3-18 as being obvious over Reiley et al. (US 6,575,919) and Sorenson et al. (US 2002/0123723), further in view of Kerr et al. (US 2003/0036762) are not persuasive for the following reasons.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986)

Sorensen et al. clearly teach providing a plurality of ports 85 on a tubular member to uniformly distribute a volume of treatment fluid to a larger area (Fig. 1 and

paras [0033]-[0036]). Each of ports 85 is a radial port in that it is located on the wall of the tubular member.

It is further noted that Applicants have not disclosed any criticality for equally spaced radial ports arranged around an axial port (page 3, lines 16-20, page 7, lines 12-23 and page 8, lines 1-17 of Applicants' Specification).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anu Ramana whose telephone number is (571) 272-4718. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached at (571) 272-4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

AR

Arumadha Ramana
May 30, 2006


EDUARDO C. ROBERT
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER